Please check the examination det	tails below	before ente	ering your candidate information
Candidate surname			Other names
Pearson Edexcel	Centre	Number	Candidate Number
nternational Advanced Level			
Monday 4 No	vei	nbe	er 2019
Morning (Time: 3 hours)		Paper Re	eference <b>WAC12/01</b>
Accounting			
International Advance			
Paper 2: Corporate an	d Man	ageme	ent Accounting
You must have:	<del>-</del>		Total Marks
Source Booklet (enclosed).			Total Walk.
,			J

#### **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer both questions in Section A and three questions from Section B.
- All calculations must be shown.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.
- Do not return the Source Booklet with the question paper.

#### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 200.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Calculators may be used.
- The source material for use with Questions 1 to 6 is in the enclosed Source Booklet.

#### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



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#### **SECTION A**

## Answer BOTH questions in this section.

## Source material for Question 1 is on pages 2 to 6 of the Source Booklet.

1 (a) Prepare for Cyprieat plc, in accordance with International Accounting Stand (IAS) 1 (Revised), for the year ended 30 September 2019, a Statement of ProLoss and Other Comprehensive Income.			ofit or	
			(43)	









<ul><li>(b) Evaluate the use of information and communication to accounting.</li></ul>	
	(12)



			Source material for Question 2 is on pages 8 and 9 of the Source Book	let.
2	(a)		alculate the break-even point for Option 1 Town Centre site for <b>one</b> year, easured in:	
		(i)	sales units	(12)



(ii) sales revenue.	(2)
(b) Calculate for Option 1 Town Centre site for <b>one</b> year the:  (i) margin of safety in sales units	(3)
(ii) margin of safety as a percentage of sales.	(3)

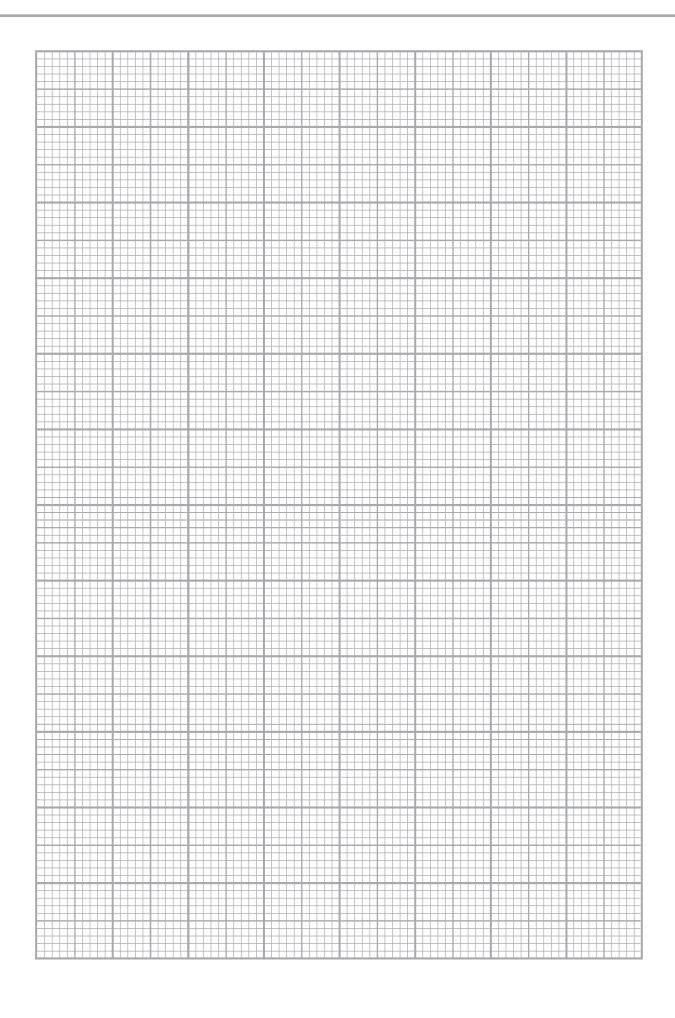


(c) Calculate the profit for Option 1 Town Centre site for <b>one</b> ye	ear. (4)
(d) Explain <b>two advantages</b> of break-even analysis.	(4)
	(4)
	(4)
	(4)
(d) Explain <b>two advantages</b> of break-even analysis.	

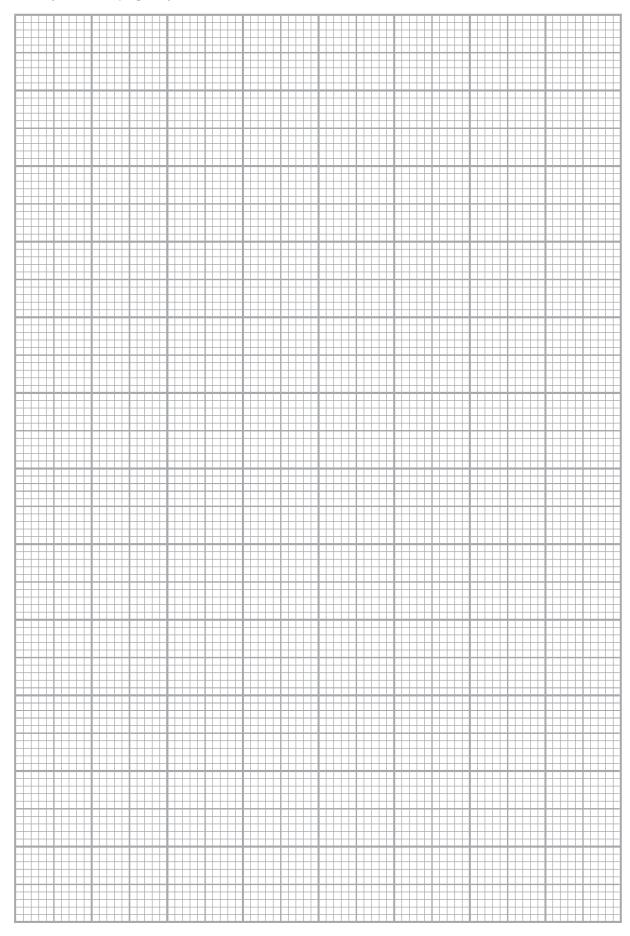
1	(e) Explain <b>two disadvantages</b> of break-even analysis.	(4)
2		

(f) Complete a break-even graph for Option 2 Countryside site for output of 0 to 180 000 units.	or <b>one</b> year, for an
	(8)





You may use this page if you wish.





(g) Explain what useful information the angle of incidence would give to the management of the company.	
management of the company.	(3)

(h) Evaluate the <b>two</b> possible options for the site of the new facto financial and non-financial factors.	ry, considering
	(12)

	(Total for Question 2 = 55 marks)
Te	OTAL FOR SECTION A = 110 MARKS



#### **SECTION B**

#### Answer THREE questions from this section.

Indicate which question you are answering by marking a cross in the box  $\boxtimes$ . If you change your mind, put a line through the box  $\boxtimes$  and then indicate your new question with a cross  $\boxtimes$ .

If you answer Question 3 put a cross in the box  $\square$ .

Source material for Question 3 is on pages 10 and 11 of the Source Booklet.

3	(a)	Prepare for management, a profit and loss statement for the Ashton factory, for the year ended 30 September 2019, using <b>marginal costing</b> . Your statement must show both the total contribution and the total profit.	(14)





Merillion plc has received an offer from an overseas supplier who is willing to supply the exhaust units for £15 per unit.	
(b) Explain <b>two non-financial</b> factors that Merillion plc may have to consider before deciding whether to accept the offer from the overseas supplier.	(4)

1...

(c) Evaluate, considering <b>only financial</b> factors, whether Merillion plc should accept the offer from the overseas supplier to supply at £15 per unit.	(6)
	(~)



(d) Prepare the profit and loss statement for the Berton factory, for the year ended 30 September 2019, using <b>marginal costing.</b>			ed
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3		(6)
	(To	tal for Question $3 = 3$	80 marks)



## BLANK PAGE QUESTION 4 BEGINS ON PAGE 24.



## If you answer Question 4 put a cross in the box $\ \square$ .

### Source material for Question 4 is on pages 12 to 14 of the Source Booklet.

(a) Prepare, for the year ended 30 September 2019, the following sections from the

Statement of Cash Flows, in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 7.				
(i) Cash flows from Investing activities	(7)			
	(7)			

(ii) Cash flows from Financing activities	(10)



(iii) The reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year with cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year.	(3)
The Chief Financial Accountant wishes to ensure that your figures agree with her	
igures.	 S,
igures. b) Calculate, using your answers from (a), the net cash flow from Operating activitie	······································
igures. b) Calculate, using your answers from (a), the net cash flow from Operating activitie	
igures. b) Calculate, using your answers from (a), the net cash flow from Operating activitie	
igures. b) Calculate, using your answers from (a), the net cash flow from Operating activitie	
igures. b) Calculate, using your answers from (a), the net cash flow from Operating activitie	
igures. (b) Calculate, using your answers from (a), the net cash flow from Operating activitie for the financial year ended 30 September 2019.	(4)
igures. (b) Calculate, using your answers from (a), the net cash flow from Operating activitie for the financial year ended 30 September 2019.	(4)
igures. b) Calculate, using your answers from (a), the net cash flow from Operating activitie for the financial year ended 30 September 2019.	(4)
The Chief Financial Accountant wishes to ensure that your figures agree with her figures.  b) Calculate, using your answers from (a), the net cash flow from Operating activitie for the financial year ended 30 September 2019.	(4)



(c) Evaluate the performance of Jamalpur Logistics plc concerning liquidity, for the financial year ended 30 September 2019.	(6)
	,
(Total for Question 4 = 30 ma	arks)



# 

	Source material for Question 5 is on page 15 of the Source Booklet.				
5	(a)	Cal	Iculate, for an output of 1 880 units, the <b>total</b> budgeted:		
		(i)	quantity of raw materials, in square metres	(2)	
		(ii)	cost of the raw materials	(2)	

(iii) number of direct labour hours	(2)
(iv) cost of direct labour.	(2)



(i) material usag	ge variance		/ 41
			(4)
/::\			
(ii) material price	e variance.		(6)
			(-)



(c) Complete the reconciliation statement for the **total actual** cost of production of 1 880 units, to the **total budgeted** cost of production of 1 880 units.

(6)

Reconciliation statement	£	£	£
Actual cost of production of 1 880 units			
Variances	Favourable	Adverse	
Total variances			
Budgeted cost of production of 1 880 units			

(d) Evaluate the performance of the production department of Jaffna Doors Ltd for			
October.			(6)
		Tatal fa:: 0::+:	= 20 manulas)
		Total for Question !	o = 30 marks)



## BLANK PAGE QUESTION 6 BEGINS ON PAGE 34.



# 

	Source material for Question 6 is on page 16 of the Source Booklet.				
6	(a)	Ca	Iculate the following for the year ended 30 September 2019.		
		(i)	Dividend per share	(3)	
		(ii)	Dividend yield	(3)	



(iii) Dividend cover	(4)
(iv) Earnings per share	(3)



(v) Price earnings ratio	(3)
(vi) Return on capital employed.	(8)
(vi) Return on capital employed.	



	At the Board Meeting, the Chief Executive said, 'The dividend yield is an important ratio and helps judge the success of the company'.		
	(b) Evaluate the importance of the dividend yield ratio in judging the success of		
	Emirates Techtronics plc.	(6)	
		(0)	
		•	
	(Total for Question 6 = 30 n	narks)	
_	TOTAL EOD CECTION D = 00 M	INDIC.	
	TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 90 MARKS  TOTAL FOR PAPER = 200 MARKS		



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### **Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level**

# **Monday 4 November 2019**

Morning (Time: 3 hours)

Paper Reference WAC12/01

## **Accounting**

**International Advanced Level** 

**Paper 2: Corporate and Management Accounting** 

**Source Booklet** 

Do not return this Source Booklet with the question paper.

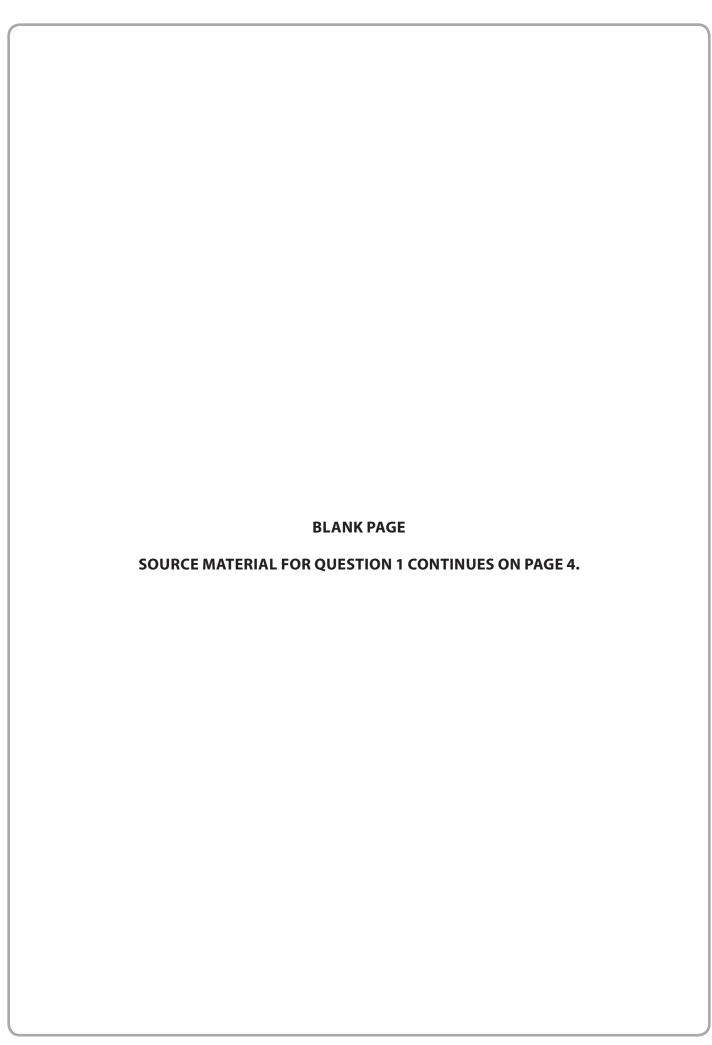
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SECTION A				
Answer BOTH questions in this section.				
1	Cyprieat plc employs chefs to produce ready-to-cook meals at its factory. The meals are then delivered to the company's shops, before being sold to customers.  At 30 September 2019, the following balances were in the books.			
	SOURCE MATERIAL FOR QUESTION 1 CONTINUES ON PAGE 4.			



	Debit	Credit
	£	£
Advertising	59 000	
Bank	93 750	
Bank charges	11 000	
Bank loan		375 000
Bank loan interest	15 000	
Cash	127 000	
8% debenture 2024		1 500 000
Direct materials	3 090 000	
Discount received on direct materials		71 000
Electricity	180 000	
Equipment at cost	60 000	
Factory buildings at cost	2 100 000	
Factory buildings provision for depreciation		84 000
Fuel for motor vans	140 000	
Gas	24 000	
Goodwill	11 000	
Insurance	46 000	
Inventory of direct materials at 1 October 2018	244 500	
Land at cost	2 325 000	
Motor vans at cost	315 000	
Motor vans provision for depreciation		199 000
Motor vans maintenance costs	238 000	
Office expenses	138 000	
Ordinary shares of £1		1 558 000
Rent for shops	654 000	
Retained earnings		384 750
Revenue		7 489 000
Stationery	9 000	
Trade payables		48 000
Wages	1 828 500	
	<u>11 708 750</u>	<u>11 708 750</u>

#### Additional information at 30 September 2019

- Inventory of direct materials £281 500
- Advertising includes £12 000 paid in advance.
- No entry has yet been made in the books for the payment of interest on the debenture.
- Electricity is to be apportioned on the following basis:

Factory	Office	Shops
4	1	5

- Equipment consists of five new ovens, purchased at the start of the year, which are expected to last 10 years.
- Assuming a nil residual value and using the straight line method:
  - the factory building is to be depreciated over a 50-year life
  - the motor vans are to be depreciated over a four-year life.
- Gas is to be apportioned one third to each of the factory, the office and the shops.
- Insurance is to be apportioned on the following basis :

Factory	Motor vans	Office	Shops
7	10	1	5

- Interest owing on the bank loan is £6 000
- · Wages were:

	£
Chefs	525 500
Office staff	117 000
Motor van drivers	302 000
Shop staff	<u>884 000</u>
	1 828 500

 A provision for corporation tax is to be made for £185 000, which is to be paid by 30 April 2020.



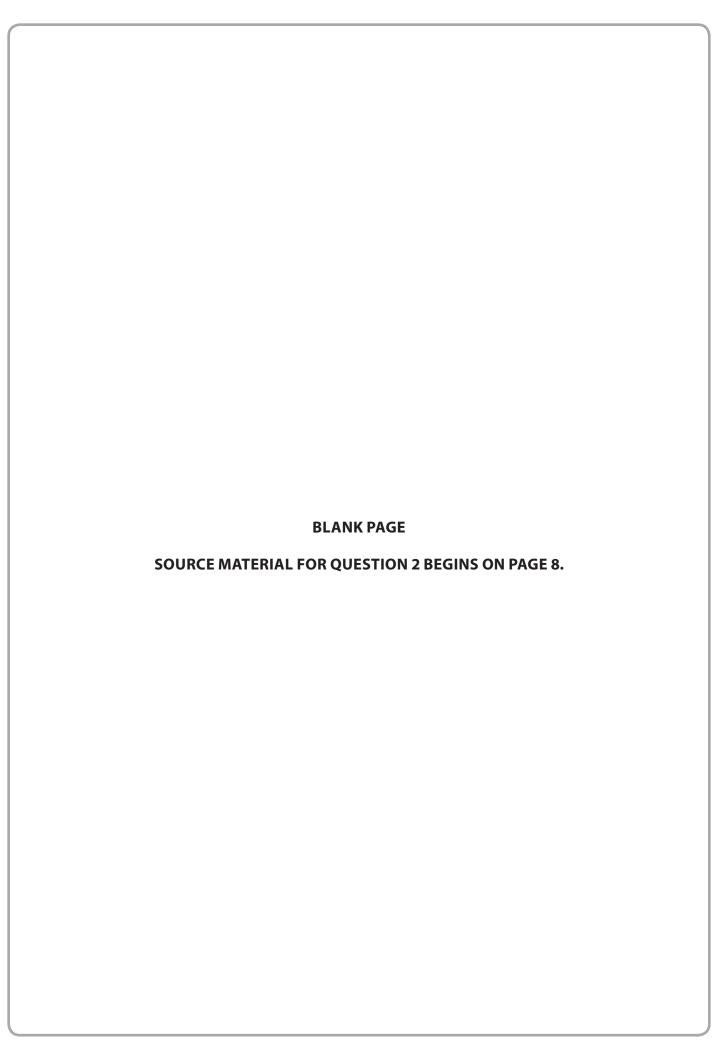
(a) Prepare for Cyprieat plc, in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 1 (Revised), for the year ended 30 September 2019, a Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

(43)

(b) Evaluate the use of information and communication technology (ICT) in accounting.

(12)

(Total for Question 1 = 55 marks)



2 Homesounds plc is a multinational electronics company producing a range of products. The company has recently received permission to produce digital radios from the holders of the patent on payment of a royalty fee of £1.45 per unit produced.

Homesounds plc has to decide between two possible options for a site for a new factory to build the digital radios.

The following information regarding the two sites is available.

#### Option 1 Town Centre site

- Rent of the factory will be £60 000 per month.
- Payments to direct labour will be at a rate of £7.50 per unit.
- Material costs will be £3.75 per unit.
- Power costs will be £14 625 per quarter (three-month period) plus 5 pence (£0.05) per unit.
- Managers' salaries will be £45 000 per month.
- Delivery costs will be 35 pence (£0.35) per unit.
- Other fixed costs will be £27 000 per month.

#### Option 2 Countryside site:

- Rent of the factory will be £55 000 per month.
- Payments to direct labour will be at a rate of £7.80 per unit.
- Material costs will be £4.05 per unit.
- Power costs will be £15 000 per quarter (three-month period) plus 10 pence (£0.10) per unit.
- Managers' salaries will be £40 000 per month.
- Delivery costs will be 70 pence (£0.70) per unit.
- Other fixed costs will be £25 000 per month.

Digital radios will sell for £35.00 each.

Annual production will be 180 000 units, all of which will be sold.

#### Required

- (a) Calculate the break-even point for Option 1 Town Centre site for **one** year, measured in:
  - (i) sales units

(12)

(ii) sales revenue.

(2)

(b) Calculate for Option 1 Town Centre site for <b>one</b> year the:	
(i) margin of safety in sales units	(3)
(ii) margin of safety as a percentage of sales.	(3)
(c) Calculate the profit for the Option 1 Town Centre site for <b>one</b> year.	(4)
(d) Explain <b>two advantages</b> of break-even analysis.	(4)
(e) Explain <b>two disadvantages</b> of break-even analysis.	(4)
(f) Complete a break-even graph, in the question paper, for Option 2 Countryside site for <b>one</b> year, for an output of 0 to 180 000 units.	
Your graph must show the following:	
<ul> <li>appropriate scales</li> <li>fixed costs</li> <li>total costs</li> <li>sales revenue</li> <li>break-even point</li> <li>margin of safety for an output of 180 000 units</li> <li>profit for an output of 180 000 units</li> <li>the angle of incidence.</li> </ul>	
the angle of incidence.	(8)
(g) Explain what useful information the angle of incidence would give to the management of the company.	(3)
(h) Evaluate the <b>two</b> possible options for the site of the new factory, considering financial and non-financial factors.	(12)
(Total for Question 2 = 55	
TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 110	MARKS

#### **SECTION B**

#### Answer THREE questions from this section.

- **3** Merillion plc produces parts for cars from two factories:
  - · Ashton factory produces exhaust units
  - Berton factory produces petrol tanks.

There is also a head office at Chanton.

Merillion plc produces statements using both absorption costing and marginal costing.

The following information is available, for the Ashton factory, for the year ended 30 September 2019.

Opening inventory 5 000 units valued at £82 000

Production 96 000 units per year

Direct labour 1.5 hours work per unit at a wage rate of £7.20 per hour

Direct materials £3.50 per unit Fixed overheads £7 000 per month

Semi variable costs £144 000 per year plus £2.50 per unit

Sales price £29 per unit Closing inventory 6 000 units

Head office fixed costs are £54 000 per year, apportioned between Ashton and Berton in the ratio 5:3.

#### Required

(a) Prepare for management, a profit and loss statement for the Ashton factory, for the year ended 30 September 2019 using **marginal costing**. Your statement must show both the total contribution and the total profit.

(14)

Merillion plc has received an offer from an overseas supplier who is willing to supply the exhaust units for £15 per unit.

(b) Explain **two non-financial** factors that Merillion plc may have to consider before deciding whether to accept the offer from the overseas supplier.

(4)

(c) Evaluate, considering **only financial** factors, whether Merillion plc should accept the offer from the overseas supplier to supply at £15 per unit.

(6)

The profit and loss statement for the Berton factory, for the year ended 30 September 2019, was prepared using **absorption costing**, and is shown below.

8% of production remained unsold.

	£	£
Revenue		2 154 000
Cost of sales:		
Variable production cost	1 085 000	
Fixed production cost	<u>764 000</u>	
	1 849 000	
Less closing inventory	(147 920)	
Cost of sales		1 701 080
Profit		452 920

(d) Prepare the profit and loss statement for the Berton factory, for the year ended 30 September 2019, using **marginal costing.** 

(6)

(Total for Question 3 = 30 marks)

**4** You are the Assistant Financial Accountant for Jamalpur Logistics plc.

The Statements of Financial Position for the last two years are shown below.

	30 September 2018	30 September 2019
ASSETS	£	£
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	27 084 000	22 125 000
Provision for depreciation	(7 358 000)	(6 661 000)
Property, plant and equipment carrying value	19 726 000	15 464 000
Intangible assets	5 600 000	5 200 000
	25 326 000	20 664 000
Current assets		
Inventories	8 774 000	9 245 000
Trade receivables	642 000	750 000
Other receivables	46 000	34 000
Bank	286 000	
Cash	105 000	93 000
	9 853 000	10 122 000
Total assets	<u>35 179 000</u>	30 786 000
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Equity		
Ordinary shares of £0.50	8 100 000	9 200 000
7% preference shares of £1	2 500 000	2 000 000
General reserve	1 012 000	1 253 000
Retained earnings	4 237 000	5 017 000
	15 849 000	17 470 000
Non-current liabilities		
8% bank loan	4 800 000	3 600 000
11% debenture	5 000 000	
Mortgage on property	3 200 000	3 000 000
	13 000 000	6 600 000

Current liabilities		
Trade payables	5 586 000	6 036 000
Other payables	114 000	102 000
Bank overdraft		144 000
Current tax payable	630 000	<u>434 000</u>
	6 330 000	6 716 000
Total equity and liabilities	<u>35 179 000</u>	<u>30 786 000</u>

#### Additional information

- On 17 October 2018 ordinary shareholders received a final dividend for 2018 of £162 000
- On 30 October 2018 preference shareholders received a final dividend for 2018 of £100 000
- On 23 November 2018 property that cost £4 900 000 with depreciation to date of £1 290 000 was sold for £3 850 000
- On 4 December 2018 plant that cost £387 000 with a carrying value of £193 000 was sold for £167 000
- On 5 January 2019 equipment was bought for £328 000
- On 11 April 2019, after the redemption of preference shares, the remaining preference shareholders received an interim dividend of 3.5%.
- On 22 April 2019, after the issue of additional ordinary shares, all ordinary shareholders received an interim dividend of 1%.
- On 1 May 2019 Jamalpur Logistics plc bought shares in ABC Ltd for £241 000
   On 25 June 2019 Jamalpur Logistics plc received dividends of £18 000 from ABC Ltd.
   On 18 September 2019 Jamalpur Logistics plc sold the shares in ABC Ltd for £227 000
- Amortisation of intangible assets for the financial year totalled £300 000
- An intangible asset was sold for £100 000 during the financial year.
- Operating profit for the year was £1 270 000

The Chief Financial Accountant has completed the Cash Flows from Operating Activities for the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 September 2019. She wants you to help with the preparation of all other sections of the Statement of Cash Flows.

#### Required

- (a) Prepare, for the year ended 30 September 2019, the following sections from the Statement of Cash Flows, in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 7.
  - (i) Cash flows from Investing activities

**(7)** 

(ii) Cash flows from Financing activities

(10)

(iii) The reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year with cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year.

(3)

The Chief Financial Accountant wishes to ensure that your figures agree with her figures.

(b) Calculate, using your answers from (a), the net cash flow from Operating activities, for the financial year ended 30 September 2019.

(4)

(c) Evaluate the performance of Jamalpur Logistics plc concerning liquidity, for the financial year ended 30 September 2019.

(6)

(Total for Question 4 = 30 marks)

**5** Jaffna Doors Ltd produces glass doors in a factory. The Cost Accountant is considering the figures for the production department for the month of October.

	Budget		Actual	
Production (units)	nits) 1 920		1 880	
Direct materials	4 224 square metres	£194 304	3 984 square metres	£171 312
Direct labour	3 360 hours	£28 560	3 478 hours	£27 824
Overheads		£52 760		£54 820
Total cost		£275 624		£253 956

Overheads are regarded as a fixed cost.

#### Required

- (a) Calculate, for an output of 1 880 units, the **total** budgeted:
  - (i) quantity of raw materials, in square metres

(2)

(ii) cost of the raw materials

(2)

(iii) number of direct labour hours

(2)

(iv) cost of direct labour.

(2)

- (b) Calculate, for the month of October, the **total**:
  - (i) material usage variance

(4)

(ii) material price variance.

(6)

The following variances have already been calculated:

Direct labour rate £1 739 Favourable
Direct labour efficiency £1 598 Adverse

#### Required

(c) Complete the reconciliation statement, in the question paper, for the **total actual** cost of production of 1 880 units, to the **total budgeted** cost of production of 1 880 units.

(6)

(d) Evaluate the performance of the production department of Jaffna Doors Ltd for October.

(6)

(Total for Question 5 = 30 marks)

**6** You are the Finance Director for Emirates Techtronics plc. At the next Board Meeting, you must present some important accounting ratios.

The following information is available after the financial statements have been prepared for the year ended 30 September 2019.

Ordinary shares of £1	£50 000 000
3% irredeemable preference shares of £1	£10 000 000
Retained earnings	£7 850 000
5% bank loan repayable 2021	£8 000 000
7% debenture 2022	£15 000 000
Profit for the year after interest	£2 184 000
Corporation tax on profit	£415 000
Ordinary dividend payable for the year	£600 000
Market price of an ordinary share	£1.19

#### Required

- (a) Calculate the following for the year ended 30 September 2019.
  - (i) Dividend per share

(3)

(ii) Dividend yield

(3)

(iii) Dividend cover

(4)

(iv) Earnings per share

(3)

(v) Price earnings ratio

(3)

(vi) Return on capital employed.

(8)

At the Board Meeting, the Chief Executive said, 'The dividend yield is an important ratio and helps judge the success of the company'.

(b) Evaluate the importance of the dividend yield ratio in judging the success of Emirates Techtronics plc.

(6)

(Total for Question 6 = 30 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 90 MARKS TOTAL FOR PAPER = 200 MARKS