

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2023

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level In Statistics S1 (WST01) Paper 01

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

PEARSON EDEXCEL IAL MATHEMATICS

General Instructions for Marking

- 1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75.
- 2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:

'M' marks

These are marks given for a correct method or an attempt at a correct method. In Mechanics they are usually awarded for the application of some mechanical principle to produce an equation. e.g. resolving in a particular direction, taking moments about a point, applying a suvat equation, applying the conservation of momentum principle etc.

The following criteria are usually applied to the equation.

To earn the M mark, the equation

- (i) should have the correct number of terms
- (ii) be dimensionally correct i.e. all the terms need to be dimensionally correct
- e.g. in a moments equation, every term must be a 'force x distance' term or 'mass x distance', if we allow them to cancel 'g' s.

For a resolution, all terms that need to be resolved (multiplied by sin or cos) must be resolved to earn the M mark.

M marks are sometimes dependent (DM) on previous M marks having been earned. e.g. when two simultaneous equations have been set up by, for example, resolving in two directions and there is then an M mark for solving the equations to find a particular quantity – this M mark is often dependent on the two previous M marks having been earned.

'A' marks

These are dependent accuracy (or sometimes answer) marks and can only be awarded if the previous M mark has been earned. E.g. M0 A1 is impossible.

'B' marks

These are independent accuracy marks where there is no method (e.g. often given for a comment or for a graph)

A few of the A and B marks may be f.t. – follow through – marks.

3. General Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod benefit of doubt
- ft follow through
- the symbol $\sqrt{}$ will be used for correct ft
- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw ignore subsequent working
- awrt answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- * The answer is printed on the paper
- The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark
- 4. All A marks are 'correct answer only' (cao.), unless shown, for example, as A1 ft to indicate that previous wrong working is to be followed through. After a misread however, the subsequent A marks affected are treated as A ft, but manifestly absurd answers should never be awarded A marks.
- 5. For misreading which does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, in that part of the question affected.
- 6. If a candidate makes more than one attempt at any question:
 If all but one attempt is crossed out, mark the attempt which is NOT crossed out.
 If either all attempts are crossed out or none are crossed out, mark all the attempts and score the highest single attempt.
- 7. Ignore wrong working or incorrect statements following a correct answer.

Special notes for marking Statistics exams (for AAs only)

- Any correct method should gain credit. If you cannot see how to apply the mark scheme but believe the method to be correct then please send to review.
- For method marks, we generally allow or condone a slip or transcription error if these are seen in an expression. We do not, however, condone or allow these errors in accuracy marks.

Question		Sche	eme					Ma	ırks
	Time	taken (t minutes)	5 – 10	10 – 14	14 – 18	18 – 25	25 – 40		
1 (a)	Fragu	ionov (f)	10	16	24	35	15	B1	
	Frequ	iency (f)	10	10	24	33	13		(1)
			24	r_26	16_1/				(1)
(b)	10 + 16	$+(2\times6)$ or $10+16-$	$+\frac{24}{2}$ or	$\frac{x-20}{50-26}$ =	$=\frac{10-14}{19-14}$			M1	
	= 38			30-20	10-14			A1	
		,							(2)
(c)	$\int \sum ft =$	$7.5 \times 10 + 12 \times 16 + 16 \times$	24 + 21.5	×'35'+32.5	$\times '15'[=18]$	91]		M1	
	Maan	$\frac{1891}{188} = 18.91$						A 1	
	Mean =	$\frac{100}{100} = 18.91$						A1	
									(2)
(d)	Standard	deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{41033}{100}}$ –	$\left(\frac{1891}{100}\right)^{2}$	or $\sqrt{\frac{410}{}}$	$\frac{033-100\times}{99}$	18.91'2		M1	
		= 7.262		or 7.2	98 a	wrt 7.26 or	awrt	A1	
	7.3[0]							111	(2)
		15			15.25				(2)
	[LQ =] 1	$[LQ =]10 + \frac{15}{16}(14 - 10)[=13.75]$ $[LQ =]10 + \frac{15.25}{16}(14 - 10)[=13.8125]$							
	an 14	10							
(0)	or 14-	$-\frac{1}{16}(14-10)[=13.75] \qquad \text{or } 14-\frac{0.75}{16}(14-10)[=13.8125]$						M1	
(e)	or $Q_1 - 1$	$\frac{-10}{4-10} = \frac{25-10}{26-10} \left[= 13.75 \right] \qquad \text{or } \frac{Q_1-10}{14-10} = \frac{25.25-10}{26-10} \left[= 13.8125 \right]$					IVII		
	14-1	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
	or $\frac{Q_1-1}{14}$	$\frac{14}{10} = \frac{25 - 26}{26 - 10} [= 13.75]$		or $\frac{Q_1-14}{14}$	$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{25.25 - 1}{26}$	$\left[\frac{26}{2}\right] = 13.8$	125]		
		23-'13.75'		*	<u> 26-1</u> - '13.8125'			M1	
	=9.			-	vrt 9.19			A1	
									(3)
		Notes				Tota			
(a)	B1	for 35 and 15 (If answer given in the table)					en mark the	answers	8
(b)	M1	for $10 + 16 + (2 \times 6)$ or $10 + 16 + \frac{24}{2}$ or $\frac{x - 26}{50 - 26} = \frac{16 - 14}{18 - 14}$							
	A1								
(c)	M1	Cao A correct method for finding $\sum ft$ May be implied by 1891 Allow one error							
(C)	A1	18.91 Allow 18.9							
(d)	M1 for a correct calculation of the standard deviation ft their mean								
(-/	A1	awrt 7.26 or awrt 7.3 if	using $n-1$						
		for $10 + \frac{15}{10}(14 - 10)$ or	$14 - \frac{1}{14}$	(-10) or $\frac{Q_1}{}$	$\frac{-10}{1} = \frac{25-1}{1}$	$\frac{0}{2}$ or $\frac{Q_1 - 1}{2}$	$\frac{4}{1} = \frac{25 - 26}{1}$		
(e)	M1	for $10 + \frac{15}{16}(14 - 10)$ or $14 - \frac{1}{16}(14 - 10)$ or $\frac{Q_1 - 10}{14 - 10} = \frac{25 - 10}{26 - 10}$ or $\frac{Q_1 - 14}{14 - 10} = \frac{25 - 26}{26 - 10}$ or $10 + \frac{15.25}{16}(14 - 10)$ or $14 - \frac{0.75}{16}(14 - 10)$ or $\frac{Q_1 - 10}{14 - 10} = \frac{25.25 - 10}{26 - 10}$ or $\frac{Q_1 - 14}{14 - 10} = \frac{25}{16}(14 - 10)$				25.25	<u>-26</u>		
	M1		orovided LQ		14-10	20-10	14-10	26-1	IU
	A1	For 9.25 or awrt 9.19 if		` `					
	•	•							

Question	_	Scheme		Marks
2 (a)	5,50	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{\frac{5}{8} & \frac{3}{8}}{\frac{8}{13}} & \frac{5}{13} \\ \frac{\frac{7}{13}}{\frac{6}{13}} & \frac{6}{13}$	B1 B1 B1
(b)	$\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} + \frac{4}{9}$			M1 A1 (2)
(c)	$\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} = \frac{61}{234}$ oe		
(d)	$\frac{\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13}}{\frac{61}{234}} = \frac{\frac{20}{117}}{\frac{61}{234}} = \frac{40}{61} \text{ oe}$			(2) M1 A1ft A1
	Notes			
		Notes		(3) Total 10
(a)	B1	Notes for $\frac{5}{8} \& \frac{3}{8}$ in the correct place on the 2 nd branches Allow 0.625 & 0.375	or 62.5% & 3	Total 10 37.5%
(a)	B1 B1	for $\frac{5}{8}$ & $\frac{3}{8}$ in the correct place on the 2 nd branches Allow 0.625 & 0.375 for $\frac{8}{13}$ & $\frac{5}{13}$ in the correct place on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.615 & 61.5% & awrt 38.5%	awrt 0.385 c	Total 10 37.5% or awrt
(a)		for $\frac{5}{8}$ & $\frac{3}{8}$ in the correct place on the 2 nd branches Allow 0.625 & 0.375 for $\frac{8}{13}$ & $\frac{5}{13}$ in the correct place on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.615 & 61.5% & awrt 38.5% for $\frac{7}{13}$ & $\frac{6}{13}$ in both correct places on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.538 53.8% or awrt 46.2%	awrt 0.385 c	Total 10 37.5% or awrt
(a) (b)	B1	for $\frac{5}{8}$ & $\frac{3}{8}$ in the correct place on the 2 nd branches Allow 0.625 & 0.375 for $\frac{8}{13}$ & $\frac{5}{13}$ in the correct place on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.615 & 61.5% & awrt 38.5% for $\frac{7}{13}$ & $\frac{6}{13}$ in both correct places on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.538	awrt 0.385 c	Total 10 37.5% or awrt
	B1 B1	for $\frac{5}{8}$ & $\frac{3}{8}$ in the correct place on the 2 nd branches Allow 0.625 & 0.375 for $\frac{8}{13}$ & $\frac{5}{13}$ in the correct place on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.615 & 61.5% & awrt 38.5% for $\frac{7}{13}$ & $\frac{6}{13}$ in both correct places on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.538 53.8% or awrt 46.2% for $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8}$ 'ft their tree diagram provided these are probabilities Allow $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{6}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{6}{13}$ ' $\frac{5}{9}$ oe Allow awrt 0.556 or awrt 55.6%	awrt 0.385 c	Total 10 37.5% or awrt
	B1 B1 M1	for $\frac{5}{8}$ & $\frac{3}{8}$ in the correct place on the 2 nd branches Allow 0.625 & 0.375 for $\frac{8}{13}$ & $\frac{5}{13}$ in the correct place on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.615 & 61.5% & awrt 38.5% for $\frac{7}{13}$ & $\frac{6}{13}$ in both correct places on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.538 53.8% or awrt 46.2% for $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8}$ 'ft their tree diagram provided these are probabilities Allow $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{6}{13}$ oe Allow awrt 0.556 or awrt 55.6% for $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13}$ ft their tree diagram provided these are provi	awrt 0.385 c	Total 10 37.5% or awrt
(b)	B1 B1 M1	for $\frac{5}{8}$ & $\frac{3}{8}$ in the correct place on the 2 nd branches Allow 0.625 & 0.375 for $\frac{8}{13}$ & $\frac{5}{13}$ in the correct place on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.615 & 61.5% & awrt 38.5% for $\frac{7}{13}$ & $\frac{6}{13}$ in both correct places on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.538 53.8% or awrt 46.2% for $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8}$ ft their tree diagram provided these are probabilities Allow $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{6}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{6}{13}$ oe Allow awrt 0.556 or awrt 55.6% for $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13}$ ft their tree diagram provided these are probabilities and $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13}$ ft their tree diagram provided these are probabilities and $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13}$ ft their tree diagram provided these are probabilities and $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13}$ ft their tree diagram provided these are probabilities and $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13}$ ft their tree diagram provided these are probabilities and $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13}$ ft their tree diagram provided these are probabilities and $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13}$ ft their tree diagram provided these are probabilities and $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + $	awrt 0.385 c	Total 10 37.5% or awrt
(b)	B1 B1 M1 A1 M1	for $\frac{5}{8}$ & $\frac{3}{8}$ in the correct place on the 2 nd branches Allow 0.625 & 0.375 for $\frac{8}{13}$ & $\frac{5}{13}$ in the correct place on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.615 & 61.5% & awrt 38.5% for $\frac{7}{13}$ & $\frac{6}{13}$ in both correct places on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.538 53.8% or awrt 46.2% for $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8}$, ft their tree diagram provided these are probabilities Allow $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{6}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{6}{13}$, $\frac{5}{9}$ oe Allow awrt 0.556 or awrt 55.6% for $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13}$ ft their tree diagram provided these are probability of Allow awrt 0.261 or awrt 26.1% for $\frac{a}{234}$ oe Allow awrt 0.261 or awrt 26.1% where numerator < denominator and 0 < part (c) < 1	awrt 0.385 c	Total 10 37.5% or awrt 2 or awrt
(b) (c)	B1 B1 M1 A1 A1	for $\frac{5}{8}$ & $\frac{3}{8}$ in the correct place on the 2 nd branches Allow 0.625 & 0.375 for $\frac{8}{13}$ & $\frac{5}{13}$ in the correct place on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.615 & 61.5% & awrt 38.5% for $\frac{7}{13}$ & $\frac{6}{13}$ in both correct places on the 3 rd branches Allow awrt 0.538 53.8% or awrt 46.2% for $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8}$ 'f their tree diagram provided these are probabilities Allow $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{6}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{7}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{6}{13}$ $\frac{5}{9}$ oe Allow awrt 0.556 or awrt 55.6% for $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{8}{13} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{13}$ ft their tree diagram provided these are probability of Allow awrt 0.261 or awrt 26.1% for $\frac{61}{234}$ oe Allow awrt 0.261 or awrt 26.1%	awrt 0.385 c	Total 10 37.5% or awrt 2 or awrt

Question		Scheme			
3 (a)	$E(X) = 2a + 3 \times 0.4 + 4(0.6 - a) = 3.6 - 2a$				
				(2)	
(b)	0 < a < 0	0.6 oe		B1	
	$2 \times 0.6 +$	$3 \times 0.4[=2.4]$ or $3.6 - 2 \times 0.6[=2.4]$	Alternative		
	and		0 > -2a > -1.2	M1	
		$4 \times 0.6[=3.6]$ or $3.6 - 2 \times 0[=3.6]$	3.6 > 3.6 - 2a > 2.4		
	2.4 < E(A1		
()	T7 (T7)	P(W ²) P(W) ²		(3)	
(c)		$= \mathrm{E}(X^2) - \mathrm{E}(X)^2$			
	$E(X^2)$	=]4a+3.6.+9.6-16a[=13.2-12a]		M1 A1	
	Var(X)	$= '(13.2-12a)'-('3.6-2a')^2$		M1	
		2.4a - 0.32 = 0		A1	
	-'2.	$\frac{4'\pm\sqrt{'2.4'^2-4\times'-4'\times'-0.32'}}{2\times'-4'}$		M1	
	<i>a</i> =	2×'-4'		IVII	
	$a=\frac{1}{5}$			A1	
	5	5		AI	
		Notes		(6) Total 11	
(a)	M1	for an attempt to find E(X) with 2 out of the 3 p	roducts correct	10tal 11	
(u)	A1	for $2a+1.2+4(0.6-a)$ oe	ioddets correct		
(1)		This may be seen as two separate parts e.g. $a > 0$ and $a < 0.6$, Allow the use of \leq or			
(b)	B1	We allow this to be written in words e.g. a is between 0 and 0.6			
	M1	for a correct method for finding the lower and $0.4 < E(X) < 3.6$ or sight of 2.4 and 3.6	upper end of the range. May be impli	ed by	
	A1	Allow e.g. 2.4,, 3.6–2 <i>a</i> ,, 3.6			
		NB $2.4 < E(X) < 3.6 \text{ or } 2.4, 3.6 - 2a, 3.6$	6 scores 3/3		
(c)	M1	An attempt at an expression for $E(X^2)$ with 2 $Var(X)$	terms correct. May be seen in an atte	empt at	
	A1	a correct expression for $E(X^2)$ May be seen in simplified, allow $4a + 3.6 + 9.6 - 16a$ or better	an attempt at Var(X) Does not have	to be fully	
	M1	use of $Var(X) = E(X^2) - E(X)^2$ ft their $E(X)$	(a) and their part (a)		
	A1	a correct 3TQ e.g. $25a^2 - 15a + 2 = 0$			
		correct method for solving their 3TQ e.g. (5a -	-2)(5a-1)=0		
	3.54	May be implied by $a = \frac{1}{5}$ and $a = \frac{2}{5}$			
	M1	If the 3TQ is incorrect then a correct substitution and c are both negative, allow the omission of a in the denominator) or a complete method using must be seen before their values of a	negatives in 4ac and allow a correct s	single value	
	A1	$a = \frac{1}{5}$ oe and $a = \frac{2}{5}$ oe Allow any letter for a			

Question		Scheme	Marks
4 (i)(a)	n+a=-	$\frac{7}{25}$ oe $q + r = \frac{1}{5}$ oe $p + r = \frac{8}{25}$ oe	M1 M1
+ (1)(α)	$P \cdot q - f$	25 q r = 5 p r = 25 q r = 100	M1
	2p+2q	$+2r = \frac{7}{25} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{8}{25} \left[= \frac{4}{5} \right] *$	A1* (4)
(i)(b)	eg $p+q$	+r+s=1	M1
	$n=\frac{1}{2}$	e $q = \frac{2}{25}$ oe $r = \frac{3}{25}$ oe $s = \frac{3}{5}$ oe	A1 A1
	5	$\frac{q-25}{25}$ $\frac{3-5}{5}$ $\frac{3-5}{5}$	A1 A1
			(5)
(ii)	$\frac{x}{x+5}$	$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{x^2 + 5(x+5)}{x(x+5)} \text{or} \frac{x}{x+5} + \frac{5}{x} = \frac{x+5-5}{x+5} + \frac{5}{x}$	M1
(11)	x+5 x	$x(x+5) \qquad x+5 x \qquad x+5 \qquad x$	1411
	$-x^2 + 5x$	x + 25 5 5	М1
	$={x^2+}$	$\frac{x+25}{-5x}$ oe or $=1-\frac{5}{x+5}+\frac{5}{x}$	M1
		$\frac{25}{+5x}$ or as $x^2 + 5x + 25 > x^2 + 5x$ P(C) + P(D) > 1 or As $x + 5 > x$ then	
	$-1+\frac{1}{x^2}$	${+5x} \text{ of as } x + 5x + 25 \ge x + 5x + 1 $	A1
	5 5	$\frac{5}{x} \Rightarrow -\frac{5}{x+5} + \frac{5}{x} > 0 \text{ So } P(C) + P(D) > 1$	AI
	x+5 x	$x \rightarrow x + 5 x \rightarrow x + 5 x$	
	$P(C \cup D)$	$P(C \cap D) > 0$	A1 cso
			(4)
	NID	Notes	Total 13
	NB	In (i) Allow the use of exact decimals throughout and mark (a) and (b) together	
(i)(a)	M1	for $p+q = \frac{7}{25}$ oe or $p+q = P(A)$	
	M1	for $q+r=\frac{1}{5}$ oe or $q+r=P(B)$	
	M1	for $p+r = \frac{8}{25}$ oe or $p+r = P[(A \cap B') \cup (A' \cap B)]$	
	A1*	we must see $2p + 2q + 2r = \frac{7}{25} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{8}{25}$ and no errors	
		any correct equation involving at least two of p , q , r and s . May be implied by two	correct
(i)(b)	M1	values. Do not allow just $2p + 2q + 2r = \frac{4}{5}$ This mark may be awarded in part (a)	
	A1	for $\frac{1}{5}$ or 0.2 oe This mark may be awarded in part (a)	
	A1	for $\frac{2}{2}$ or 0.08 oe This mark may be awarded in part (a)	
		25	
	A1	for $\frac{3}{25}$ or 0.12 oe This mark may be awarded in part (a)	
	A1	for $\frac{3}{5}$ oe This mark may be awarded in part (a)	
	SC	for one correct value M0 A1 A0 A0 A0	
		For an attempt to add P(C) and P(D) e.g. $\frac{x^2}{x(x+5)} + \frac{5(x+5)}{x(x+5)}$ May be implied by	$x^2 + 5x + 25$
(ii)	M1	For all attempt to add $r(C)$ and $r(D)$ e.g. $\frac{1}{x(x+5)} + \frac{1}{x(x+5)}$ what we implied by -	$x^2 + 5x$
(11)	1411	$1 - \frac{5}{1 - \frac{5}{1$	
		x+5 x	
	M1	$1 - \frac{5}{x+5} + \frac{5}{x}$ For $\frac{x^2 + 5x + 25}{x^2 + 5x}$ oe or $1 - \frac{5}{x+5} + \frac{5}{x}$	
		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	A1	for recognising that $P(C) + P(D)$ is > 1	
	A1 cso	a fully correct solution showing that C and D cannot be mutually exclusive	

Question		Scheme	Marks
5 (a)	P(L < 3.	$.86) = P\left(Z < \pm \frac{3.86 - 4.5}{0.4}\right)$	M1
	=P(Z<	(x-1.6) = 1 - 0.9452 or $1 - 0.945200 = 0.0548$ awrt 0.0548	M1 A1 (3)
(b)(i)		$Q_3 = 0.75 \text{ gives } \frac{Q_3 - 4.5}{0.4} = 0.67 \text{ or } P(L < Q_1) = 0.25 \text{ gives } \frac{Q_1 - 4.5}{0.4} = -0.67$	M1 B1
		768 awrt 4.77 or $Q_1 = 4.232$ awrt 4.23	A1
(ii)	$[Q_1 =]'4$.232' awrt 4.23 or $[Q_3 =]'4.768'$ awrt 4.77	B1 ft (4)
(c)	1.5('Q ₃ '	$-'Q_1')[=0.804]$ (0.81)	M1
	Lower li	mit = 3.428 (3.42 – 3.43) Upper $limit = 5.572$ (5.57 – 5.58)	A1 A1 (3)
	P('3.42	$' < L < '5.58'$) = $P\left(\frac{'3.42' - 4.5}{0.4} < Z < \frac{'5.58' - 4.5}{0.4}\right)$	M1 A1ft
(d)	(C-11-	= [P(-2.7 < Z < 2.7)] = 0.9930*	A1* (3)
(e)	P(5 < L	tor gives 0.99306) $< '5.58' = P \left(\frac{5-4.5}{0.4} < Z < \frac{'5.58'-4.5}{0.4} \right) = 0.1021$	M1 A1
		tor gives 0.10218) awrt 0.102 $ '3.42' < L < '5.58') = \frac{P(5 < L < '5.58')}{P('3.42' < L < '5.58')} \left[= \frac{'0.102'}{0.993} \right]$	M1
		= 0.1027 awrt 0.103	A1 (4)
(a)	M1	Notes for standardising with 3.86, 4.5 and 0.4	Total 17
<u>(u)</u>	M1	for $1 - p$ where 0.5	
		f., and 0.0540 (NID and 0.0540 and 2/2)	
	A1	for awrt 0.0548 (NB awrt 0.0548 scores 3/3)	
(b)(i)	A1 M1	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65	5 < z < 0.7
(b)(i)		for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65 for use of 0.67,, $ z $, 0.675 This may be implied by a final answer of 4.769 or 4.2	- ' '
(b)(i)	M1	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65	- ' '
(b)(i) (b)(ii)	M1 B1	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65 for use of 0.67,, $ z $, 0.675 This may be implied by a final answer of 4.769 or 4.2 awrt 4.77 or awrt 4.23 for Q_1 correctly labelled NB it is possible to score M1B0A1 awrt 4.23 if Q_3 given in (i) or awrt 4.77 if Q_1 given in (i) ft their part (b)(i) You will need to check whether $Q_1 + Q_3 = 9$	2302
	M1 B1 A1	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65 for use of 0.67,, $ z $, 0.675 This may be implied by a final answer of 4.769 or 4.2 awrt 4.77 or awrt 4.23 for Q_1 correctly labelled NB it is possible to score M1B0A1 awrt 4.23 if Q_3 given in (i) or awrt 4.77 if Q_1 given in (i) ft their part (b)(i)	2302
(b)(ii)	M1 B1 A1 B1ft M1 A1	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65 for use of 0.67,, $ z $, 0.675 This may be implied by a final answer of 4.769 or 4.2 awrt 4.77 or awrt 4.23 for Q_1 correctly labelled NB it is possible to score M1B0A1 awrt 4.23 if Q_3 given in (i) or awrt 4.77 if Q_1 given in (i) ft their part (b)(i) You will need to check whether $Q_1 + Q_3 = 9$ use of $1.5(Q_3 - Q_1)$ ft their Q_3 and Q_1 If these are not correct then working must be shown for lower limit awrt 3.42 to 3.43	2302
(b)(ii) (c)	M1 B1 A1 B1ft M1 A1 A1	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65 for use of 0.67,, $ z $, 0.675 This may be implied by a final answer of 4.769 or 4.2 awrt 4.77 or awrt 4.23 for Q_1 correctly labelled NB it is possible to score M1B0A1 awrt 4.23 if Q_3 given in (i) or awrt 4.77 if Q_1 given in (i) ft their part (b)(i) You will need to check whether $Q_1 + Q_3 = 9$ use of $1.5(Q_3 - Q_1)$ ft their Q_3 and Q_1 If these are not correct then working must be short lower limit awrt 3.42 to 3.43 for upper limit awrt 5.57 to 5.58	2302
(b)(ii)	M1 B1 A1 B1ft M1 A1	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65 for use of 0.67,, $ z $, 0.675 This may be implied by a final answer of 4.769 or 4.2 awrt 4.77 or awrt 4.23 for Q_1 correctly labelled NB it is possible to score M1B0A1 awrt 4.23 if Q_3 given in (i) or awrt 4.77 if Q_1 given in (i) ft their part (b)(i) You will need to check whether $Q_1 + Q_3 = 9$ use of $1.5(Q_3 - Q_1)$ ft their Q_3 and Q_1 If these are not correct then working must be shown for a correct standardisation for either their 3.42 or their 5.58 May be implied by awrawrt 2.7 If lower/upper limits are incorrect then the standardisation must be shown	nown
(b)(ii) (c)	M1 B1 A1 B1ft M1 A1 A1	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65 for use of 0.67,, $ z $, 0.675 This may be implied by a final answer of 4.769 or 4.2 awrt 4.77 or awrt 4.23 for Q_1 correctly labelled NB it is possible to score M1B0A1 awrt 4.23 if Q_3 given in (i) or awrt 4.77 if Q_1 given in (i) ft their part (b)(i) You will need to check whether $Q_1 + Q_3 = 9$ use of $1.5(Q_3 - Q_1)$ ft their Q_3 and Q_1 If these are not correct then working must be sh for lower limit awrt 3.42 to 3.43 for upper limit awrt 5.57 to 5.58 for a correct standardisation for either their 3.42 or their 5.58 May be implied by awrence of Q_1 and Q_2 are their 5.58 May be implied by awrence of Q_1 and Q_2 are their 5.58 May be implied by awrence of Q_1 and Q_2 are their 5.58 May be implied by awrence of Q_2 and Q_3 are their 5.58 May be implied by awrence of Q_1 and Q_2 are their 5.58 May be implied by awrence of Q_2 and Q_3 are their 5.58 May be implied by awrence of Q_2 and Q_3 are their 5.58 May be implied by awrence of Q_3 and Q_4 are their 5.58 May be implied by awrence of Q_3 are the formula of Q_3 and Q_4 are their 5.58 May be implied by awrence of Q_3 and Q_4 are the formula of Q_3 and Q_4 are the formula of Q_4 are the formula of Q_4 and Q_4 are the formula of Q_4 are the formula of Q_4 and Q_4 are the formula of Q_4 are the formula of Q_4 and Q_4 are the formula of Q_4 are the formula of Q_4 and	2302 nown rt –2.7 or 7 and awrt
(b)(ii) (c)	M1 B1 A1 B1ft M1 A1 A1 M1	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65 for use of 0.67,, $ z $, 0.675 This may be implied by a final answer of 4.769 or 4.2 awrt 4.77 or awrt 4.23 for Q_1 correctly labelled NB it is possible to score M1B0A1 awrt 4.23 if Q_3 given in (i) or awrt 4.77 if Q_1 given in (i) ft their part (b)(i) You will need to check whether $Q_1 + Q_3 = 9$ use of $1.5(Q_3 - Q_1)$ ft their Q_3 and Q_1 If these are not correct then working must be sh for lower limit awrt 3.42 to 3.43 for upper limit awrt 5.57 to 5.58 for a correct standardisation for either their 3.42 or their 5.58 May be implied by awr awrt 2.7 If lower/upper limits are incorrect then the standardisation must be shown for a correct standardisation for their 3.42 and their 5.58 May be implied by awrt -2. 2.7 If lower/upper limits are incorrect then the standardisation must be shown or clear use of symmetry e.g. $(0.9965-0.5)\times 2$ Do not allow use of negative limits answer is given so there must be a fully correct solution given with no errors Allow 0 better or $0.9965-0.0035$ oe or $1-0.0035-0.0035$ oe	2302 nown rt –2.7 or 7 and awrt
(b)(ii) (c)	M1 B1 A1 B1ft M1 A1 A1 A1 A1 M1 A1ft A1*	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65 for use of 0.67,, $ z $, 0.675 This may be implied by a final answer of 4.769 or 4.2 awrt 4.77 or awrt 4.23 for Q_1 correctly labelled NB it is possible to score M1B0A1 awrt 4.23 if Q_3 given in (i) or awrt 4.77 if Q_1 given in (i) ft their part (b)(i) You will need to check whether $Q_1 + Q_3 = 9$ use of $1.5(Q_3 - Q_1)$ ft their Q_3 and Q_1 If these are not correct then working must be short limit awrt 3.42 to 3.43 for upper limit awrt 5.57 to 5.58 for a correct standardisation for either their 3.42 or their 5.58 May be implied by awr awrt 2.7 If lower/upper limits are incorrect then the standardisation must be shown for a correct standardisation for their 3.42 and their 5.58 May be implied by awrt -2.2.7 If lower/upper limits are incorrect then the standardisation must be shown or clear use of symmetry e.g. $(0.9965-0.5)\times 2$ Do not allow use of negative limits answer is given so there must be a fully correct solution given with no errors Allow 0 better or $0.9965-0.0035$ oe or $1-0.0035-0.0035$ oe for writing or using $P(5 < L < 5.58)$ Maybe implied by awrt 0.102	2302 nown rt –2.7 or 7 and awrt
(b)(ii) (c) (d)	M1 B1 A1 B1ft M1 A1 A1 A1 A1 A1 A1 A1ft	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65 for use of 0.67,, $ z $, 0.675 This may be implied by a final answer of 4.769 or 4.2 awrt 4.77 or awrt 4.23 for Q_1 correctly labelled NB it is possible to score M1B0A1 awrt 4.23 if Q_3 given in (i) or awrt 4.77 if Q_1 given in (i) ft their part (b)(i) You will need to check whether $Q_1 + Q_3 = 9$ use of $1.5(Q_3 - Q_1)$ ft their Q_3 and Q_1 If these are not correct then working must be shown for a correct standardisation for either their 3.42 or their 5.58 May be implied by awr awrt 2.7 If lower/upper limits are incorrect then the standardisation must be shown for a correct standardisation for their 3.42 and their 5.58 May be implied by awrt -2. 2.7 If lower/upper limits are incorrect then the standardisation must be shown or clear use of symmetry e.g. $(0.9965 - 0.5) \times 2$ Do not allow use of negative limits answer is given so there must be a fully correct solution given with no errors Allow 0 better or $0.9965 - 0.0035$ oe or $1 - 0.0035 - 0.0035$ oe for writing or using $P(5 < L < '5.58')$ Maybe implied by awrt 0.102 awrt 0.102	2302 nown rt –2.7 or 7 and awrt s 0.9930 or
(b)(ii) (c) (d)	M1 B1 A1 B1ft M1 A1 A1 A1 A1 M1 A1ft A1*	for standardising with Q_3 or Q_1 (o.e.), 4.5 and 0.4 and setting equal to a z value, 0.65 for use of 0.67,, $ z $, 0.675 This may be implied by a final answer of 4.769 or 4.2 awrt 4.77 or awrt 4.23 for Q_1 correctly labelled NB it is possible to score M1B0A1 awrt 4.23 if Q_3 given in (i) or awrt 4.77 if Q_1 given in (i) ft their part (b)(i) You will need to check whether $Q_1 + Q_3 = 9$ use of $1.5(Q_3 - Q_1)$ ft their Q_3 and Q_1 If these are not correct then working must be short limit awrt 3.42 to 3.43 for upper limit awrt 5.57 to 5.58 for a correct standardisation for either their 3.42 or their 5.58 May be implied by awr awrt 2.7 If lower/upper limits are incorrect then the standardisation must be shown for a correct standardisation for their 3.42 and their 5.58 May be implied by awrt -2.2.7 If lower/upper limits are incorrect then the standardisation must be shown or clear use of symmetry e.g. $(0.9965-0.5)\times 2$ Do not allow use of negative limits answer is given so there must be a fully correct solution given with no errors Allow 0 better or $0.9965-0.0035$ oe or $1-0.0035-0.0035$ oe for writing or using $P(5 < L < 5.58)$ Maybe implied by awrt 0.102	2302 nown rt –2.7 or 7 and awrt s 0.9930 or

Question		Scheme	Marks	
6 (a)	An incre	ase/change of 1°C will allow an extra 2.72 grams [of sugar] to dissolve	B1	
			(1)	
(b)	151.2 + 2	$2.72 \times 90 = 396$	M1 A1	
(a)	The town	granting (00F9CL is systeids of the names and (many ha) angulishla	(2)	
(c)	I ne tem	perature/90[°C] is outside of the range; so (may be) unreliable	B1; dB1 (2)	
(d)	Use of \bar{y}	$\overline{y} = 151.2 + 2.72\overline{x}$ So $\sum x = \left(\frac{3119}{12} - 151.2\right) \times 12 = 479.63235$	M1 A1	
	$S_{yy} = 85$	$1093 - \frac{3119^2}{12} [= 40412.9166]$	M1	
	$S_{xx} = 24500 - \frac{479.63235^2}{12} [= 5329.4005]$			
	$S_{xy} = 2.72 \times '5329.4005'[=14495.9693]$			
	$r = \frac{'14495.9693'}{\sqrt{'5329.4005' \times '40412.9166'}}$ or $r = 2.72 \times \sqrt{\frac{'5329.4005'}{'40412.9166'}}$			
	= 0.988 *			
			(7)	
(e)		points lie reasonably close to a straight line/positive correlation and the PMCC to 1 therefore supports a linear model	B1 B1	
			(2)	
	D 4	Notes	Total 14	
(a)	B1	for a correct interpretation of the gradient in context including grams and degrees		
(b)	M1	for substitution of 90 into the regression line		
	A1	cao 396 on its own scores 2 out 2	1	
(c)	B1	for a comment that implies the temperature/90[°C] is outside of the range. Allow ext not linked to 396. (Do not allow comments that imply that 396 is out of range or the		
	dB1	dependent on 1st B1 for a correct conclusion		
(d)	M1	for clear use of the regression line to find $\sum x$ or \overline{x} (may be implied by 3^{rd} M1)		
	A1	$\sum x = \text{awrt } 480 \text{ or } \overline{x} = \text{awrt } 40 \text{ (may be implied by } 3^{\text{rd}} \text{ M1)}$		
	M1	for a correct expression for S_{yy} May be implied by awrt 40400		
	M1	for a correct expression for S_{xx} ft their $\sum x$ or \overline{x} May be implied by awrt 5330		
	M1	for use of the gradient to find S_{xy} ft their S_{xx} May be implied by awrt 14500 or use $r = b \sqrt{\frac{S_{xx}}{S_{yy}}}$	of	
		for a correct expression for r ft their S_{xy} , S_{xx} and S_{yy} or 2.72, S_{xx} and S_{yy} If then	se are not	
	M1	correct then they must be labelled before an expression for r is given for this mark to awarded	o be	
	A1*	Answer is given so a fully correct solution must be seen		
(e)	B1	for either the points lie reasonably close to a straight line/points or data are linear/points	sitive	
	B1	correlation or the PMCC is close to 1 (Ignore any reference to strength) for both the points lie reasonably close to a straight line/points or data are linear/posi correlation and the PMCC is close to 1 (Ignore any reference to strength) with a corr conclusion		