

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level

Time 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper
reference

WMA11/01



Mathematics

International Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced Level Pure Mathematics P1



You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Yellow), calculator

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations.
Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation,
differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae
stored in them.**

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need*.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question*.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ►

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P 7 2 1 3 7 A 0 1 2 8



Pearson

1. The curve C has equation

$$y = \frac{x^3}{4} - x^2 + \frac{17}{x} \quad x > 0$$

- (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, giving your answer in simplest form.

(3)

The point $R\left(2, \frac{13}{2}\right)$ lies on C .

- (b) Find the equation of the tangent to C at the point R . Write your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$, where a , b and c are integers to be found.

(3)



Question 1 continued

(Total for Question 1 is 6 marks)



2. Given that

$$(x - 5)(2x + 1)(x + 3) \equiv ax^3 + bx^2 - 32x - 15$$

where a and b are constants,

(a) find the value of a and the value of b .

(2)

(b) Hence find

$$\int \frac{(x - 5)(2x + 1)(x + 3)}{5\sqrt{x}} dx$$

writing each term in simplest form.

(5)



Question 2 continued

(Total for Question 2 is 7 marks)



3. The share price of a company is monitored.

Exactly 3 years after monitoring began, the share price was £1.05

Exactly 5 years after monitoring began, the share price was £1.65

The share price, £ V , of the company is modelled by the equation

$$V = pt + q$$

where t is the number of years after monitoring began and p and q are constants.

- (a) Find the value of p and the value of q .

(3)

Exactly T years after monitoring began, the share price was £2.50

- (b) Find the value of T , according to the model, giving your answer to one decimal place.

(2)



Question 3 continued

(Total for Question 3 is 5 marks)



4.

**In this question you must show detailed reasoning.
Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.**

$$f(x) = x^2(2x + 1) - 15x$$

(a) Solve

$$f(x) = 0$$

(4)

(b) Hence solve

$$y^{\frac{4}{3}} \left(2y^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1 \right) - 15y^{\frac{2}{3}} = 0 \quad y > 0$$

giving your answer in simplified surd form.

(2)



Question 4 continued

(Total for Question 4 is 6 marks)



5. In this question you must show all stages of your working.
Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

The curve C has equation $y = f(x)$, $x > 0$

Given that

- $f'(x) = \frac{12}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{x}{3} - 4$
 - the point $P(9, 8)$ lies on C

(a) find, in simplest form, $f(x)$

The line l is the normal to C at P

- (b) Find the coordinates of the point at which l crosses the y -axis.

(5)

(4)



Question 5 continued



Question 5 continued

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Question 5 continued

(Total for Question 5 is 9 marks)



6. (a) Given that k is a positive constant such that $0 < k < 4$ sketch, on **separate axes**, the graphs of

(i) $y = (2x - k)(x + 4)^2$

(ii) $y = \frac{k}{x^2}$

showing the coordinates of any points where the graphs cross or meet the coordinate axes, leaving coordinates in terms of k , where appropriate.

(5)

- (b) State, with a reason, the number of roots of the equation

$$(2x - k)(x + 4)^2 = \frac{k}{x^2}$$

(1)



Question 6 continued

(Total for Question 6 is 6 marks)



P 7 2 1 3 7 A 0 1 5 2 8

7.

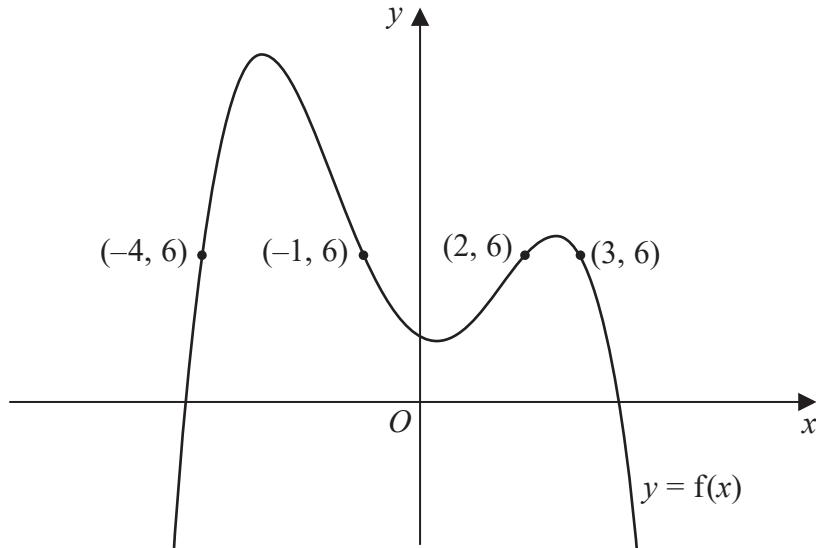
**Figure 1**

Figure 1 shows the curve with equation $y = f(x)$.

The points $P(-4, 6)$, $Q(-1, 6)$, $R(2, 6)$ and $S(3, 6)$ lie on the curve.

- (a) Using Figure 1, find the range of values of x for which

$$f(x) < 6 \quad (3)$$

- (b) State the largest solution of the equation

$$f(2x) = 6 \quad (1)$$

- (c) (i) Sketch the curve with equation $y = f(-x)$.

On your sketch, state the coordinates of the points to which P , Q , R and S are transformed.

- (ii) Hence find the set of values of x for which

$$f(-x) \geqslant 6 \text{ and } x < 0 \quad (4)$$



Question 7 continued



Question 7 continued

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Question 7 continued

(Total for Question 7 is 8 marks)



8.

Diagram NOT
to scale

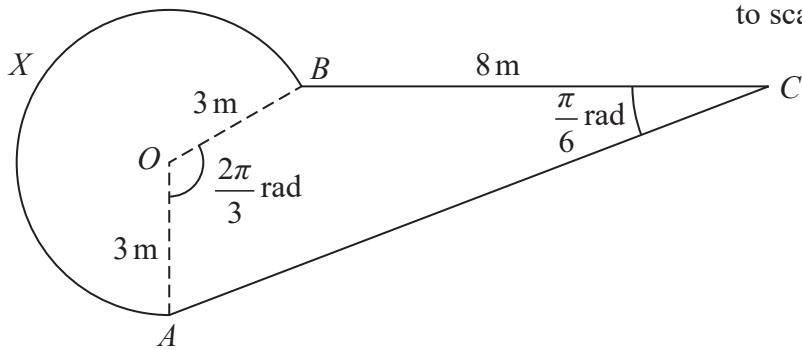


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows the plan view of a design for a pond.

The design consists of a sector $AOBX$ of a circle centre O joined to a quadrilateral $AOBC$.

- $BC = 8 \text{ m}$
- $OA = OB = 3 \text{ m}$
- angle AOB is $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ radians
- angle BCA is $\frac{\pi}{6}$ radians

(a) Calculate (i) the exact area of the sector $AOBX$,

(ii) the exact perimeter of the sector $AOBX$.

(5)

(b) Calculate the exact area of the triangle AOB .

(2)

(c) Show that the length AB is $3\sqrt{3} \text{ m}$.

(2)

(d) Find the total surface area of the pond. Give your answer in m^2 correct to 2 significant figures.

(5)



Question 8 continued



Question 8 continued

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Question 8 continued

(Total for Question 8 is 14 marks)



9.

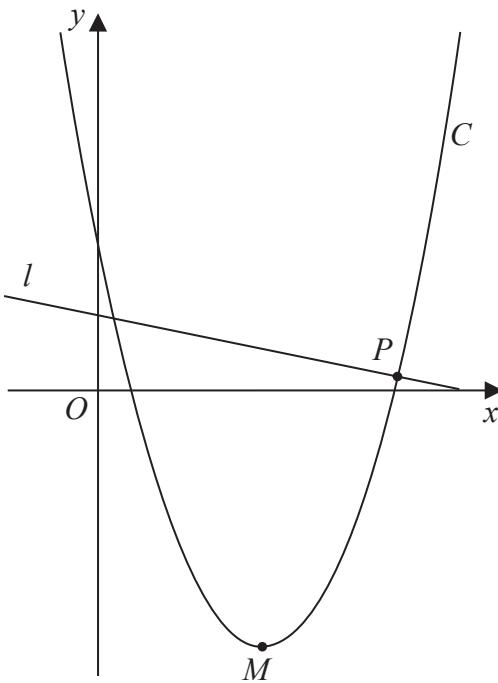
**Figure 3**

Figure 3 shows a sketch of the curve C with equation

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 10x + 22$$

- (a) Write $\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 10x + 22$ in the form

$$a(x + b)^2 + c$$

where a , b and c are constants to be found.

(3)

The point M is the minimum turning point of C , as shown in Figure 3.

- (b) Deduce the coordinates of M

(2)

The line l is the normal to C at the point P , as shown in Figure 3.

Given that l has equation $y = k - \frac{1}{8}x$, where k is a constant,

- (c) (i) find the coordinates of P

- (ii) find the value of k

(6)

Question 9 continues on the next page



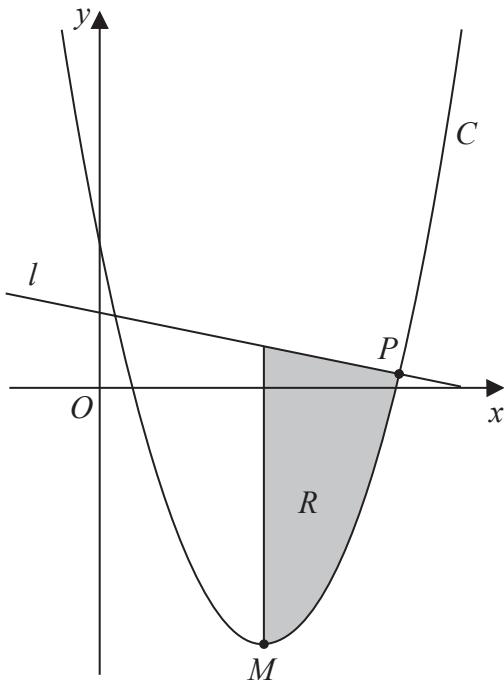
Question 9 continued**Figure 4**

Figure 4 is a copy of Figure 3. The finite region R , shown shaded in Figure 4, is bounded by l , C and the line through M parallel to the y -axis.

- (d) Identify the inequalities that define R .

(3)



Question 9 continued

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Question 9 continued



Question 9 continued

(Total for Question 9 is 14 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS

