| Write your name here Surname | Other | names |
|---|---------------|--------------------------|
| Pearson Edexcel International GCSE | Centre Number | Candidate Number |
| Economic Paper 1 | CS | |
| Monday 4 June 2018 – Aft Time: 2 hours 30 minute | | Paper Reference 4ECO/01R |
| You do not need any other n | naterials. | Total Marks |

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 120.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Calculators may be used.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



(2)

Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross \boxtimes .

1 Figure 1a represents the UK market for ice cream.

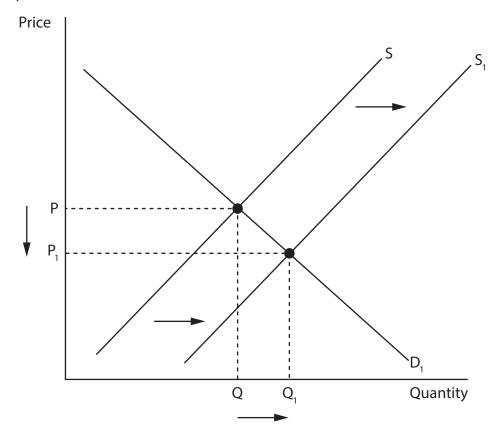


Figure 1a

(a) (i) In Figure 1a the change in price from P to $\rm P_1$ is most likely to have been caused by

(1)

- A an increase in costs.
- **B** an increase in indirect tax.
- C an increase in demand.
- **D** an increase in productivity.
- (ii) Explain the reason for your answer to a (i).

| (b) (i) What is meant | by 'price elasticity of supply'? | /// |
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| | | (2) |
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| (ii) Identify and ex of ice cream is | plain two possible reasons why the UK price elastic. | |
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| | e 10,000 litres of wn Jersey cows. | f ice cream per | | the UK and car its ice cream fr | |
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| (iii) Explain | why the supply | of milk might k | oe price inelast | ic. | (0) |
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| (iv) Identify ice crear | and explain two m. | factors that m | night affect the | demand for Be | eechdean's |
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| Beech | dean pays the minimum wage to the majority of its employees. | |
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| (c) (i) | How might an increase in the minimum wage affect Beechdean? | |
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| (ii) | Beechdean's demand for labour is a derived demand. Explain the term 'derived demand'. | |
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| (iii) Specialisation benefits Beechde your answer. | an. Do you agree with | this statement? Exp | olain |
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| your unswen | | | (6) |
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2 Figure 2a shows Jamaica's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by sector in 2015.

Jamaica: GDP by sector (2015)

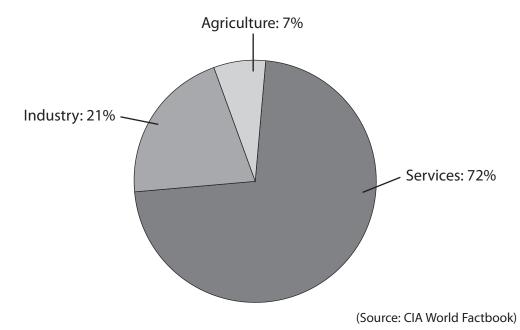


Figure 2a

(a) (i) Insert the terms **Primary**, **Secondary** and **Tertiary** in Table 2a below to match the three sectors shown in Figure 2a.

(3)

| Services | |
|-------------|--|
| Industry | |
| Agriculture | |

Table 2a

(ii) Give **one** example of a business operating in the services sector.

(1)

(iii) Identify and explain **one** way the GDP by sector of a developing economy might differ from a developed economy.

(2)

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| Jean Scott runs a small hotel with six rooms in Montego Bay, Jamaica. | |
|--|-----|
| (b) (i) Give one example of a fixed cost and one example of a variable cost that Jean might have to pay. | (2) |
| Fixed cost | |
| Variable cost | |
| Jean charges \$150 per room per night. She estimates that the variable costs are \$60 per room per night and the fixed costs \$1,800 per week. | |
| (ii) Calculate her weekly profit if six rooms are rented out for four nights a week. You are advised to show your workings. | (4) |
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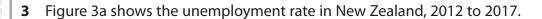
| (iii) Competition is always good for the consumer. To what extent do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. | | | | | | | | |
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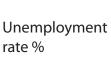


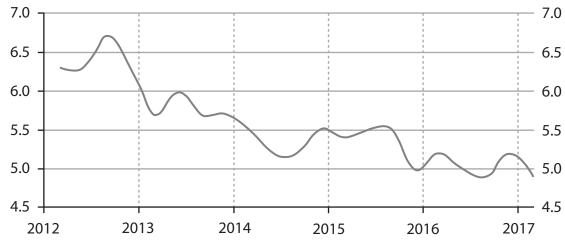
| (vi) Evaluate the extent to which a small business such as Jean's hotel can compete effectively with much larger businesses such as the Grand Hotel. | (6) |
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| (Total for Question 2 = 30 n | narks) |





Unemployment rate in New Zealand





(Source: www.tradingeconomics.com)

Figure 3a

| | Describe the overall trend in the unemployment rates shown in Figure 3a. | (3) |
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| | | fly explain two reasons why unemployment might be a problem for the Zealand economy. | (4) |
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| | (iii) Frict | ional unemployment is caused by | (1) |
| | X | A a change in the economic cycle. | |
| | X | B variations in demand throughout the year. | |
| | X | C changes in patterns of demand. | |
| | × | D people moving between jobs. | |
| | | ury has the lowest unemployment rate of any region in New Zealand of the region of Gisborne and Hawke's Bay has the highest unemployment 3.1%. | |
| | | lain one reason why unemployment rates might vary between different | |
| | regio | ons. | (2) |
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| | | | aland's current account deficit was 2.7% of Gross Domestic Product m 3.4% of GDP in 2015. | |
|---------|-------|--------|---|-----|
| (b) (i) | This | impr | rovement may have been caused by | (4) |
| | × | Α | an increase in invisible exports. | (1) |
| | X | В | an increase in visible imports. | |
| | X | C | a decrease in visible exports. | |
| | X | D | an increase in invisible imports. | |
| (ii) | Expla | ain th | he difference between visible and invisible trade. | (2) |
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| According to figures from the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), in 2016 New Zealand was the third fastest growing economy in the developed world with an increase in GDP of 3.6%. | | | |
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| (c) (i) Assess the usefulness of GDP as an indicator of economic growth. | | | |
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| (ii) Economic growth should be the main macroeconomic objective of an economy. Do you agree with this statement? Explain your reasons. | (6) |
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| (Total for Occation 2 - 20 | marks) |
| (Total for Question 3 = 30 | marks) |



| 4 (a) | ha Ka | s inv nsar | uantum Minerals (FQM), a Canadian multinational mining company, vested over US\$5.7 billion in Zambia to develop its Sentinel and an example of | (1) |
|--------------|----------|---------------|---|-----|
| | X | Α | IMF (International Monetary Fund). | . , |
| | × | В | DFI (Direct Finance Investment). | |
| | X | C | FDI (Foreign Direct Investment). | |
| | X | D | PFI (Private Finance Initiative). | |
| | (ii) De | efine | the term 'multinational'. | (2) |
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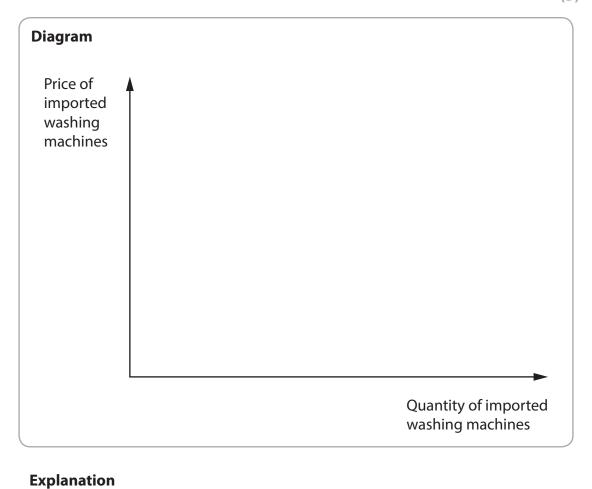
FQM has paid more than \$3 billion in taxes in the last 11 years and has created employment for more than 8,500 people.

| (iii) Countries such as Zambia should encourage as many foreign companies as possible, such as FQM, to invest in their countries. To what extent do you agree with this statement? Explain your reasons. | |
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| .g | (6) |
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Zambia places a tariff of 25% on most goods, such as washing machines.

(b) (i) Using a suitable diagram, explain the impact of this tariff on the sale of imported washing machines in Zambia.

(5)



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| | | umping. | |
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| (ii) Dui | mping | g is | (1) |
| × | A | a large increase in imports. | |
| × | В | the importing of large quantities of cheap goods. | |
| X | C | selling goods abroad at less than the cost of production. | |
| X | D | too much competition for local farmers. | |
| | | m tariffs, identify and explain one other form of trade protection that night use. | |
| | | | (3) |
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Table 4a shows the exchange rate of the Zambian Kwacha to the US Dollar in January 2013 and January 2017.

Exchange rate Zambian Kwacha (ZMW) to US Dollar (\$)

| Date | ZMW to \$1 | | |
|--------------|------------|--|--|
| January 2013 | 5.25 | | |
| January 2017 | 10.02 | | |

Table 4a

| | | Table 4a | |
|-----|-------|--|-----|
| (c) |) (i) | In 2013 an imported UST-shirt costing \$10 sold for 52.5 ZMW in Zambia. Using Table 4a, calculate how much the \$10 T-shirt would cost in ZMW in January 2017. | |
| | | | (2) |
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| | (ii) | Identify and explain two factors that might have caused the change in the exchange rate shown in Table 4a. | (4) |
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| (iii) The depreciation of a currency is always good with this statement? Give reasons for your an | d for an economy. Do you agree |
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| with this statement. Give reasons for your an | (6) |
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| | (Total for Question 4 = 30 marks) |
| | TOTAL FOR PAPER = 120 MARKS |

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