



Pearson
Edexcel

Mark Scheme (Results)

October 2019

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced
Level

In Biology (WBI06) Paper 01

Practical Biology and Investigative Skills

Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at www.edexcel.com or www.btec.co.uk. Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at www.edexcel.com/contactus.

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

October 2019

Publications Code WBI06_01_1910_MS

All the material in this publication is copyright

© Pearson Education Ltd 2019

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1a	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. dependent variable identified; 2. method of measuring dependent variable; 3. use of {soda lime / potassium hydroxide} to absorb carbon dioxide; 4. description of how to measure rate with reference to distance and time; 5. at least two suitable temperatures stated (within the range 5-50°C); 6. suitable method for control of temperature; 7. repeats (at each temperature) and calculate a mean; 	<p>e.g. oxygen consumption / oxygen used IGNORE rate of respiration</p> <p>e.g. (movement of fluid) using a respirometer ACCEPT diagram or description of respirometer</p> <p>ACCEPT volume and time</p> <p>IGNORE other temperatures outside the range suggested</p> <p>e.g. thermostatic water bath ACCEPT use of an incubator or air conditioned room</p>	(5)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)(i)	<p>Abiotic</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. pH; 2. water; 3. carbon dioxide; <p>Biotic</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. {variety / age / eq} of seed; 5. stage of germination / eq; 6. mass of seeds; 7. presence of {micro-organisms / fungi / bacteria}; 	<p>4. ACCEPT source of seed, e.g. seeds from the same plant</p> <p>7. IGNORE disease</p>	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)(ii)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. variable with suitable control method described; 2. results are not valid / description of expected effect on the dependent variable; 	<p>ACCEPT description of how to control a variable not allowed in (b)(i)</p> <p>IGNORE not reliable</p>	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(c)	1. oxygen required for aerobic respiration; 2. availability of oxygen affects the rate of (aerobic) respiration / eq; 3. correct detail of the role of oxygen {in oxidative phosphorylation / as final electron acceptor / eq}; 4. anaerobic respiration occurs at low oxygen concentrations;	2. ACCEPT description of how a change in oxygen can affect rate of respiration	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)	1. there will be no significant difference; 2. between the shell length (of snails) fed on diet A and diet B / eq;	1. DO NOT ACCEPT correlation/relationship 2. ACCEPT reference to diets with or without added calcium, or mean shell length of snails in groups A and B	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark																										
2(b)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. suitable table format with data correctly ranked from lowest to highest; 2. correct column headings with units in heading only; 3. medians correctly identified; 	<p>Example table:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1386 387 1612 1005"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2" data-bbox="1391 391 1608 470">Shell length /cm</th> </tr> <tr> <th data-bbox="1391 470 1487 550">Diet A</th> <th data-bbox="1487 470 1608 550">Diet B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td data-bbox="1391 550 1487 592">13.4</td><td data-bbox="1487 550 1608 592">14.9</td></tr> <tr><td data-bbox="1391 592 1487 633">13.9</td><td data-bbox="1487 592 1608 633">15.2</td></tr> <tr><td data-bbox="1391 633 1487 675">15.3</td><td data-bbox="1487 633 1608 675">18.3</td></tr> <tr><td data-bbox="1391 675 1487 716">15.6</td><td data-bbox="1487 675 1608 716">18.4</td></tr> <tr><td data-bbox="1391 716 1487 758">15.7</td><td data-bbox="1487 716 1608 758">19.0</td></tr> <tr><td data-bbox="1391 758 1487 799">15.8</td><td data-bbox="1487 758 1608 799">19.6</td></tr> <tr><td data-bbox="1391 799 1487 841">16.0</td><td data-bbox="1487 799 1608 841">20.9</td></tr> <tr><td data-bbox="1391 841 1487 882">16.2</td><td data-bbox="1487 841 1608 882">21.2</td></tr> <tr><td data-bbox="1391 882 1487 924">16.6</td><td data-bbox="1487 882 1608 924">21.5</td></tr> <tr><td data-bbox="1391 924 1487 965">17.3</td><td data-bbox="1487 924 1608 965">21.7</td></tr> <tr><td data-bbox="1391 965 1487 1007">17.4</td><td data-bbox="1487 965 1608 1007">22.1</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Shell length /cm		Diet A	Diet B	13.4	14.9	13.9	15.2	15.3	18.3	15.6	18.4	15.7	19.0	15.8	19.6	16.0	20.9	16.2	21.2	16.6	21.5	17.3	21.7	17.4	22.1	(3)
Shell length /cm																													
Diet A	Diet B																												
13.4	14.9																												
13.9	15.2																												
15.3	18.3																												
15.6	18.4																												
15.7	19.0																												
15.8	19.6																												
16.0	20.9																												
16.2	21.2																												
16.6	21.5																												
17.3	21.7																												
17.4	22.1																												

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2c	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. axes correct orientation and linear scale; 2. medians plotted correctly (15.8 and 19.6); 3. range bars plotted correctly (13.4 – 17.4 and 14.9 -22.1); 	<p>ACCEPT ECF from 2b</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. {diet/ A and B / with or without calcium/eq} on x axis and median shell length in cm on y axis, scale starting at 0 on y axis 2. e.g. means (15.7 and 19.3) plotted instead of median values 3. No mark can be awarded if linear scale stops at 22 	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(d)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. critical value is 30; 2. calculated value (18.0) is less than the critical value; 3. therefore, reject the null hypothesis; 4. there is a significant difference between the (median) shell length of snails fed on diet A or diet B / eq; 5. reference to overlapping range bars on the graph; 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. IGNORE reference to growth 	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(e)	1. the sample size is small / eq; 2. samples may not be representative / eq; 3. named abiotic variable not controlled ; 4. another named variable to do with the snails used; 5. overlapping range bars;	1. ACCEPT the investigation was not repeated; 3. e.g. temperature, water availability, humidity, mass or type of food 4. e.g. source of snails / genetic variability. IGNORE age / initial length / gender	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. risk of infection from { bacteria / fungi / pathogens} / eq; 2. risk from handling plants; 3. risk from animals; 4. risk from environmental factors; 	<p>ACCEPT harmful</p> <p>e.g. allergic reactions to plants, thorns/eq</p> <p>e.g. insect bites, snakes, grazing animals</p> <p>e.g. exposure to {sun/cold/rain}, slips and trips</p>	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(b)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. practise the method to see if it works; 2. find a suitable method to sample plants; 3. find time of year when clover plants are flowering; 4. method to count flowers per plant; 5. find a method of measuring water content of soil / eq; 	<p>e.g. size of quadrat / transect</p>	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
*3c	<p>QWC -Spelling of technical terms must be correct and answer must be organised in a logical sequence</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. clear statement of the dependent variable; 2. description of sampling method; 3. description of method of determining (mean) number of flowers per plant; 4. description of (standardising) soil sampling; 5. description of method of measuring water content; 6. and 7. two relevant variables identified; 8. and 9. description of how these variables are {measured / monitored} ; 10. sampling within short time period; 	<p>QWC- emphasis is clarity of expression</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. number of flowers per plant 2.e.g. transect or sampling from ridges and furrows or random sampling within the field or appropriate use of quadrat 4.e.g. soil from a certain location or position (in quadrat) 5.e.g. use a moisture meter to the same depth / determine by drying soil and measuring mass before and after 6. and 7. e.g. light intensity, temperature, humidity, soil pH, mineral ions, wind speed, competition from other plants, grazing, disease, age of plants, clover species 10. e.g. within the same day 	(10)

	11. repeats in other { areas/fields };	11. IGNORE repeats of lab experiments	
Level	Mark	Descriptor	
1	0	The account is very disorganised and is very difficult to follow. Scientific vocabulary is very limited with many spelling and grammatical errors.	

2	1	There is some disorganisation in the account which is not always in the correct sequence. Some relevant scientific vocabulary is used. The account is not always in continuous prose and there are grammatical errors and some important spelling mistakes.
3	2	The account is well organised with no undue repetition and a correct sequence. There is good use of scientific vocabulary in the context of the investigation described. The account is written in continuous prose which is grammatically sound with no major spelling errors.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(d)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. table for recording raw data with headings; 2. means calculated from repeats; 3. relevant graph format sketched with labelled axes (for flower number against soil water content); 4. use of an appropriate statistical test; 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. e.g. soil moisture content and number of flowers per plant DO NOT ACCEPT added water or regular values shown in the table IGNORE ridges and furrows if no reference to soil moisture 2. ACCEPT description of a scatter graph to show correlation OR bar chart for differences 3. e.g. (Spearman's rank) test for correlation between soil moisture and number of flowers per plant OR T-test for number of flowers per plant on ridges and furrows 	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(e)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. other variables (apart from soil water) affecting flowering of plants (cannot be controlled) ; 2. only one {field / furrow / eq} has been investigated; 3. difficulty in determining number of flowers per plant; 4. possible errors in measuring soil moisture / eq; 5. soil water content can change quickly / eq; 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ACCEPT a relevant named variable that is difficult to monitor e.g. genetic variability 2. ACCEPT only sampled on one occasion e.g. one season / year/day 3. e.g. difficulty in determining what is a single plant 4. ACCEPT difficult to measure 	(3)

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828
with its registered office at 80 Strand, London, WC2R 0RL, United Kingdom